On this list the low glycemic carbs that are carb dense and would therefore have a high *glycemic load* have an asterik *after them. Don't eat more than 1 serving per meal and for most people no more than 2 servings a day.

Fruit

Apple Kiwi
Applesauce, unsweetened Lemon
Blueberries Lime

Blackberries Mandarin oranges

Boysenberries Nectarine
Raspberries Orange
Gooseberries Peach
Strawberries Pear

Casaba melon Persimmon

Honeydew melon Plum

Cherries Pomegranate Figs, fresh Tangerine Grapes Tangelo

Grapefruit

Mangos and papayas could be low glycemic if they are not over ripe. These fruits canned in water with no sugar added are low glycemic. No more than 1/2 cup unsweetened 100% pure fruit juice mixed with water (pulp lowers glycemic response.)

Vegetables

Artichoke Leeks
Arugula Lettuces
Asparagus Mushrooms
Avocado Okra

Bean sprouts Peas, dried, green or split

Black eyed peas
Broccoli
Brussels sprouts
Cabbage
Cauliflower
Celery
Spinach
Pickles
Radishes
Sauerkraut
Sauerkraut
Scallions
Scallions
Snow peas

Collard greens Squash, summer yellow Eggplant Sweet potatoes, yams

Endive Tomatoes
Escarole Turnip greens

Bell peppers, red, yellow, green Kale Kohlrabi	Water chestnuts Watercress Zucchini
Beets, carrots and winter squash are nutrient dense and are not starchy vegetables. Beets have a moderate index. All other vegetables are low glycemic and can and should be consumed as juice.	
Half your plate should be vegetables and fruits each meal.	
$100\%\ whole\ grain\ breads^*$ - The more whole grains and seeds in the bread the lower the index.	
Sprouted grain breads (some brands are Ezekiel, Alvarado St. Bakery, Food for Life - available in natural food stores or on the internet.)*	
Sprouted grain tortillas (same)*	
100% wholewheat tortillas*	
100% whole grain cereals* hot and cold (no sugar or additives added, made out of the whole grain like bran, muesli, buckwheat.)*	
Oatmeal*	
Pastas*	
Quinoa pasta (high protein)*	
Barilla pasta (yellow box is high protein)*	
All dry pasta is low glycemic but the high protein and whole grain pastas have an even lower glycemic index. Do not overcook.	
Whole Grains*	
Barley*	
Quinoa*	
Bulgur*	
Buckwheat kasha*	

Rye*

100% whole wheat flour and products made with unrefined, unprocessed whole wheat.*

100% whole grain pancake mixes* may be low glycemic

Rice is generally high glycemic but if you can find parboiled, high amylose rice this one has the lowest index. Amylose is the type of starch in the rice and it is soluble. You don't want sticky rice. Using a rice cooker helps. Also chilled rice as in rice rolls makes it resistant starch and a lower glycemic index. *

Eggs from free range chickens are best.

Fish

Chicken

Turkey

Wild game

Beef free range, grass fed is best.

Lamb

Pork

Dairy products (with no added sugar or high glycemic additives) yogurt, kefir, sour cream, cream cheese, créme fraîche, cheeses, milk, cream, buttermilk.

Beans (except for fava and broad beans) *

Nuts (unsalted is best for weight management and to avoid excess sodium,) 7 nuts is a serving and for weight management no more than 2 servings a day at different meals is best.

Nut and seed milks that are unsweetened like almond milk, coconut milk, hazelnut milk, hemp seed milk. Soy milk is high glycemic unless you buy unsweetened.

Seeds (a few salted ok in a salad but best unsalted for snacking,) pumpkin, sesame, sunflower, chia, hemp.

Nut and Seed Butters

Peanut butter Almond butter Cashew butter Tahini (sesame seed butter)

All nut butters are low glycemic but *only if* they are **100% nuts or seeds** with **no** added sugar or high glycemic additives.

Oils

Cold pressed olive oil

Expeller pressed coconut oil

Unrefined, cold pressed seed and nut oils

Butter

Sweeteners

Coconut palm sugar Truvia Stevia Agave syrup Erythritol Xylitol.

Spices and seasonings with no sugar or high glycemic additives.

Salsa, taco and picante sauce are low glycemic unless they contains high glycemic additives.

Salad dressings when made without sugar or high glycemic additives.

Make your own or order just vinegar and oil in a restaurant. Restaurants always use dressings with high glycemic preservatives because they need the shelf life.

Coffee and tea can be high glycemic because caffeine increases insulin secretion. If they have high antioxidant content they could be low glycemic. Look for specifically formulated coffees and drink green tea made from tea leaves.

Jams and jellies are low glycemic if they are made from low glycemic fruits and have no added sugar or high glycemic additives.

Proteins and fats are low glycemic. However, eating too much animal protein at a meal can raise blood sugar. One serving of protein is enough for one meal. The healthiest proteins for people are plant proteins, like nuts, seeds, nut butters, seed butters, legumes, whole grains and soy beans.

The healthiest animal proteins are eggs, dairy products (unsweetened, low fat) fish, poultry and wild game.